## **Introduced by Senator Denham**

## February 22, 2005

An act to amend Section 11011.10, and to repeal Sections 11011, 11011.1, 11011.2, 11011.3, 11011.4, 11011.5, 11011.6, 11011.8, and 11011.9, of the Government Code, relating to state property, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 900, as introduced, Denham. Surplus state property: disposition.

(1) Existing law, inoperative until July 1, 2005, sets forth a scheme pursuant to which certain state property may be declared surplus and disposed of by the Department of General Services upon authorization by the Legislature, including, among other things, the transfer at less than fair market value to local agencies of property to be used for park and recreation purposes by the local agencies, subject to specified conditions.

This bill would repeal these provisions, except for those relating to the transfer of property for use for park and recreation purposes by local agencies at less than fair market value.

(2) Existing law, operative until July 1, 2005, and repealed as of January 1, 2006, sets forth a scheme pursuant to which certain state property may be declared surplus and disposed of by the Department of General Services upon authorization by the Legislature. Transfers of surplus property to local governmental agencies or private entities or individuals pursuant to these provisions are required to be at fair market value.

This bill would delete the inoperative and repeal dates of these provisions, thus making them permanent.

SB 900 — 2 —

(3) This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Vote: <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. Statemandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:* 

1 SECTION 1. Section 11011 of the Government Code is 2 repealed.

11011. (a) On or before December 31st of each year, each state agency shall make a review of all proprietary state lands, other than tax-deeded land, land held for highway purposes, lands under the jurisdiction of the State Lands Commission, land that has escheated to the state or that has been distributed to the state by court decree in estates of deceased persons, and lands under the jurisdiction of the State Coastal Conservancy, over which it has jurisdiction to determine what, if any, land is in excess of its foreseeable needs and report thereon in writing to the Department of General Services. These lands shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- (1) Land not currently being utilized, or currently being underutilized, by the state agency for any existing or ongoing state program.
- (2) Land for which the state agency has not identified any specific utilization relative to future programmatic needs.
- (3) Land not identified by the state agency within its master plans for facility development.
- (b) Jurisdiction of all land reported as excess shall be transferred to the Department of General Services, when requested by the director thereof, for sale or disposition under this section or as may be otherwise authorized by law.
- (c) The Department of General Services shall report to the Legislature annually, the land declared excess and request authorization to dispose of the land by sale or otherwise.
- (d) The Department of General Services shall review and consider reports submitted to the Director of General Services pursuant to Section 66907.12 of the Government Code and Section 31104.3 of the Public Resources Code prior to recommending or taking any action on surplus land, and shall also circulate the reports to all agencies that are required to report

-3- SB 900

excess land pursuant to this section. In recommending or determining the disposition of surplus lands, the Director of General Services may give priority to proposals by the state that involve the exchange of surplus lands for lands listed in those reports.

- (e) Except as otherwise provided by any other provision of law, whenever any land is reported as excess pursuant to this section, the Department of General Services shall determine whether or not the use of the land is needed by any other state agency. If the Department of General Services determines that any land is needed by any other state agency it may transfer the jurisdiction of this land to the other state agency upon the terms and conditions as it may deem to be for the best interests of the state.
- (f) When authority is granted for the sale or other disposition of lands declared excess, and the Department of General Services has determined that the use of the land is not needed by any other state agency, the Department of General Services shall sell the land or otherwise dispose of the same pursuant to the authorization, upon any terms and conditions and subject to any reservations and exceptions as the Department of General Services may deem to be for the best interests of the state. The Department of General Services shall report to the Legislature annually, with respect to each parcel of land authorized to be sold under this section, giving the following information:
  - (1) A description or other identification of the property.
  - (2) The date of authorization.

- (3) With regard to each parcel sold after the next preceding report, the date of sale and price received, or the value of the land received in exchange.
- (4) The present status of the property, if not sold or otherwise disposed of at the time of the report.
  - (g) Except as otherwise specified by law, moneys received from any property disposition, including the sale, lease, exchange, or other means, that is received pursuant to this section shall be paid into the General Fund.
- For purposes of this section, net proceeds shall be defined as gross proceeds less all costs directly related to the completion of the transaction including, but not limited to, selling costs, transfer

SB 900 —4—

1 fees, commissions, and costs incurred by the Department of 2 General Services.

- (h) Any rentals or other revenues received by the department from real properties, the jurisdiction of which has been transferred to the Department of General Services under this section, shall be deposited in the General Fund in the account established by Section 15863. Any expenditures required to maintain, repair, care for, and sell this real property shall be paid from the appropriation made by Section 15863.
- (i) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit the sale, letting, or other disposition of any state lands pursuant to any law now or hereafter enacted authorizing the sale, letting, or disposition.
- (j) This section shall be inoperative for the period commencing with the effective date of the act that added this subdivision, until July 1, 2005.
- SEC. 2. Section 11011.1 of the Government Code is repealed. 11011.1. (a) Land that has been declared surplus by the Legislature, pursuant to Section 11011, and is not needed by any state agency shall be offered to local governmental agencies. Except as authorized in subdivisions (b), (c), (d), (e), and (k), or any combination thereof, transfers of surplus land to local governmental agencies pursuant to this section shall be at fair market value. No surplus land shall be sold for less than fair market value, however, to any person or agency, whether public or private, unless the contract for sale provides for the reversion of the land to the state if the stated purpose for which the property is sold is not achieved.
- (b) Where the land is to be used for park and recreation purposes and operated for those purposes by local agencies at no expense to the state, the Director of General Services with the approval of the State Public Works Board may, notwithstanding any provision in Section 11011, transfer the land to local governmental agencies at less than the fair market value of the land, if the transfer is in the public interest, under the following conditions:
- (1) The local public agency has submitted a general development plan for the property that conforms to the agency's general plan pursuant to Article 5 (commencing with Section

-5- SB 900

65300) of Chapter 3 of Title 7, and which general development plan has been approved by the Director of Parks and Recreation.

1 2

- (2) The land shall be developed according to plan within a time period determined by the state but not to exceed 10 years. The deed or other instrument of transfer shall provide that the land shall revert to the state if the land is not developed within the time period so determined by the state.
- (3) The deed or other instrument of transfer shall provide that the land would revert to the state if the use changed to a use not consistent with parks and recreation purposes during the period of 25 years following the sale.
- (c) Where the land is to be used for open-space purposes, as defined herein, and operated by local agencies at no expense to the state, the Director of General Services with the approval of the State Public Works Board may transfer the land to local governmental agencies at fair market value of the land or at any lesser value of the land under any of the following conditions:
- (1) The local public agency has submitted a plan for the use of the property that conforms to the agency's general plan pursuant to Article 5 (commencing with Section 65300) of Chapter 3 of Title 7, and which plan has been approved by the Director of Parks and Recreation.
- (2) The land shall be used according to plan within a time period determined by the state but not to exceed 10 years.
- (3) The deed or other instrument of transfer shall provide that the land would revert to the state if the use changed to a use not consistent with open-space purposes during the period of 25 years following the sale.
- (4) For the purpose of this subdivision, "open-space purpose" means the use of land for public recreation, enjoyment of seenic beauty, or conservation or use of natural resources.
- (d) Where the land is suitable to be used for the purpose of providing housing for persons and families of low or moderate income, as defined in Section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code, the Director of General Services, with the approval of the State Public Works Board, may offer the land to local agencies within whose jurisdiction the land is located. Provided, however, if the state has held title to the land for seven years or less and the land is not used for the purposes for which it was acquired, and the land is declared surplus land and is not needed by any other

**SB 900** -6-

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34 35

36

37

38

39

40

state agency pursuant to the provisions of Section 11011, the 2 state, prior to offering the land to local agencies, shall extend to 3 the individual from whom the land was acquired an offer to 4 purchase the land at current fair market value. The offer shall 5 extend for 60 days and if not exercised within that period shall be 6 irrevocably terminated. The land may be transferred to local 7 agencies at a reasonable cost that will enable the provision of 8 housing for persons and families of low or moderate income. The 9 cost may be less than fair market value. The Department of 10 Housing and Community Development shall recommend to the Department of General Services a cost that will enable the 11 12 provision of housing for persons and families of low or moderate 13 income. All transfers of land pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the following conditions: 14 15

- (1) The local agency has made all of the following findings:
- (A) There is a need for the housing in the community.
- (B) The land is suitable for development of the housing.
- (2) The local agency develops a plan for the housing in accordance with criteria established by the Department of Housing and Community Development, which shall include, but not be limited to, criteria respecting the financial condition of the developer, if the housing is to be developed by a private sponsor, and the cost of the project. The plan shall be approved by the Department of Housing and Community Development.
- (3) After transfer of the property from the state to the local agency, the property shall be developed as housing for persons and families of low or moderate income. The local agency may lease or sell the property to any nonprofit corporation, housing corporation, limited dividend housing corporation, or private developer if the local agency determines a private entity is best suited to develop housing for persons and families of low or moderate income. In authorizing the private development, the local agency shall impose reasonable terms and conditions as will further the purposes of this subdivision, which shall include, but not be limited to, continued use of the property for housing for persons and families of low or moderate income for not less than 40 nor more than 55 years. A lessee or purchaser of land pursuant to this subdivision shall agree to limitations on profit in the operation of the property that will benefit the public and assure that the housing provided thereon is within the means of persons

\_7\_ SB 900

and families of low or moderate income. The agreement shall be binding upon successors in interest of the original lessee or purchaser and shall inure to the benefit of, and be enforceable by, the state.

(4) The local agency shall assure that the land will be used for the purpose of providing low- or moderate-income housing and shall not permit the use of the dwelling accommodations of the project for any other purpose for not less than 40 nor more than 55 years, except as provided in this section.

In the event a local agency does not comply with the land use requirements prescribed in this section, as determined by the Department of General Services, the Department of General Services may require that the local agency pay the state the difference between the actual price paid by the local agency for the property and the fair market value of the property, at the time of the department's determination of noncompliance, plus 6 percent interest on that amount for the period of time the land has been held by the local agency.

If the local agency, with the approval of the Department of General Services, and in consultation with the Department of Housing and Community Development, determines that there is no longer a need for low- or moderate-income housing within the jurisdiction of the local agency and another valid public purpose could be achieved by utilizing the land in an alternative manner, the local agency shall not be required to make any payment to the state for the difference between purchase price and fair market value or interest charges for the period of time the land has been held by the local agency.

- (5) Failure to comply with the provisions of this section shall not invalidate the transfer, sale, or conveyance of the real property to a bona fide purchaser or encumbrancer for value.
- (6) The project shall be commenced within 24 months of the original transfer to the local agency. However, the Department of General Services, in consultation with the Department of Housing and Community Development, may for justifiable cause extend the time for commencement of development for an additional 36 months. The aggregate time for commencing development shall not exceed 60 months. The deed or other instrument of conveyance shall specify that, if development has not commenced within that time, the land shall revert to the

SB 900 —8—

Department of General Services for disposal pursuant to this section or as otherwise authorized by law.

- (7) As used in this subdivision, "local agency" means and includes any county, city, city and county, redevelopment agency organized pursuant to Part 1 (commencing with Section 33000) of Division 24 of the Health and Safety Code, or housing authority organized pursuant to Part 2 (commencing with Section 34200) of Division 24 of the Health and Safety Code, public district or other political subdivision of the state and any instrumentality thereof, which is authorized to engage in or assist in the development or operation of housing for persons and families of low or moderate income and also includes two or more of those agencies acting jointly pursuant to Part 1 (commencing with Section 6500) of Division 7 of this code.
- (8) Up to 40 percent of the housing developed on land purchased at below market value pursuant to this subdivision may be housing that is not regulated as to price, rent, or eligibility of occupants only if the purchaser of the land demonstrates that the proceeds from the sale or rental of that housing, in an amount equal to the difference between the fair market value and the actual price paid for the land, is used to reduce prices or rents on other housing units that are made available exclusively to persons and families of low and moderate income.
- (e) Where the land is suitable to be used for the purpose of providing housing for persons and families of low or moderate income, as defined in Section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code, and provided no local agency has acquired or is in the process of acquiring the land pursuant to subdivision (d), the Director of General Services, with the approval of the State Public Works Board, may lease or sell the land to a housing sponsor. The land may be sold or leased at a reasonable cost that may be less than fair market value. The Department of Housing and Community Development shall recommend to the Director of General Services a cost that will enable the provision of housing for persons and families of low or moderate income. All transfers of land pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
- (1) The housing sponsor has submitted a plan for the development of that housing pursuant to criteria established by

-9- SB 900

the Department of Housing and Community Development. The eriteria shall include, but need not be limited to, standards with respect to the cost of the housing development and the proportion of the housing development to be occupied by persons and families of low and moderate income. Insofar as is practical, the plan shall provide for a mix of housing for all income groups.

- (2) The housing development shall normally be developed or be under development within 24 months from the time of transfer or lease of the land to the housing sponsor. However, the Department of General Services, in consultation with the Department of Housing and Community Development, may, upon finding justifiable cause, extend the time for commencement of development for an additional period of 36 months. The aggregate of all extensions for commencement of development shall not exceed 60 months. The deed or other instrument of conveyance shall specify that if development has not commenced within that time, the land shall revert to the Department of General Services for disposal pursuant to this section or as otherwise authorized by law.
- (3) Transfer of title to the land or lease of the land to a housing sponsor shall be conditioned upon continued use of the property as housing for persons and families of low and moderate income for not less than 40 nor more than 55 years. In accordance with regulations that shall be adopted by the Department of Housing and Community Development pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, the Director of General Services shall require that any housing sponsor purchasing or leasing land pursuant to this subdivision enter into an agreement that (A) provides for limitations on profit in the operation of that property that benefit the public and which assure that the housing is affordable to persons and families of low and moderate income, and (B) does not permit the use of the property for purposes other than the provision of housing for persons and families of low and moderate income except as provided in this subdivision. Upon recordation of the agreement in the office of county recorder in the county in which the real property subject to the agreement is located, the agreement shall be binding for a period of not less than 40 nor more than 55 years upon successors in interest to the original housing sponsor and shall inure to the benefit of, and be enforceable by, the state.

SB 900 — 10 —

For the purposes of this subdivision, "housing sponsor" means a nonprofit corporation incorporated pursuant to Part 1 (commencing with Section 9000) of Division 2 of Title 1 of the Corporations Code; a cooperative housing corporation which is a stock cooperative, as defined by Section 11003.2 of the Business and Professions Code; a limited-dividend housing corporation; or a private housing developer who agrees to the conditions set forth in this subdivision.

- (4) Up to 40 percent of the housing developed on land purchased at below market value pursuant to this subdivision may be housing which is not regulated as to price, rent, or eligibility of occupants only if the purchaser of the land demonstrates that the proceeds from the sale or rental of that housing, in an amount equal to the difference between the fair market value and the actual price paid for the land, is used to reduce prices or rents on other housing units which are made available exclusively to persons and families of low and moderate income.
- (f) The Department of Housing and Community Development, in consultation with the Department of General Services and the Office of Planning and Research, shall make a report to the Legislature on or before January 1, 1981, with respect to effectiveness of the program and shall recommend any necessary legislative changes to the provisions of subdivision (d).
- (g) Where the land is to be used for public purposes other than specifically set forth in this section, is to be operated by the local agency at no expense to the state, and the use and enjoyment of the public purpose contemplated will be of broad public benefit, and not a benefit basically of local interest enjoyed and used primarily by the residents of the area of tax jurisdiction of the local agency, the Director of General Services, with the approval of the State Public Works Board, may transfer the land to local governmental agencies at a sales price not less than 50 percent of fair market value. The transfer shall provide that if the land is not used for the contemplated purpose during the period of 25 years following the sale, the land shall revert to the state. The Director of General Services may provide additional terms and conditions which he or she determines to be in the best interest of the state.
- (h) If there is more than one appropriate use and more than one offer for the use of a parcel of surplus land, the Department

-11- SB 900

of General Services, in consultation with the Department of Housing and Community Development, the Department of Parks and Recreation, and the Office of Planning and Research, shall determine the most appropriate use for the parcel and the Department of General Services shall offer the land accordingly.

- (i) Land that has been declared surplus by the Legislature, pursuant to Section 11011, is not needed by any state agency, is suitable for development for housing purposes, and is not in the process of being acquired pursuant to other provisions of this section, may upon the request of the Department of Housing and Community Development be retained by the Director of General Services for a period not exceeding five years, during which the Director of General Services shall continue to offer the lands for housing pursuant to subdivision (d).
- (j) Transfer of state surplus lands under subdivision (d) shall be at a cost which will enable provision of economically feasible housing for persons and families of low or moderate income.
- (k) Where the land is to be used for school purposes, the Director of General Services with the approval of the State Public Works Board and the State Allocation Board may, notwithstanding any provision in Section 11011, transfer the land to a local school district at less than fair market value of the land, if the transfer is in the public interest, under the following conditions:
- (1) The land is suitable for use by a school district as a school site, school administration building site, school warehouse site, or other school use approved by the State Department of Education.
- (2) The land is used by the school district for those purposes before a nonuse fee is required by Section 39015 of the Education Code or a later time approved by the State Department of Education, with a reversion to the state if not so used within the time prescribed.
- (3) The deed or other instrument of transfer shall provide that the land shall revert to the state if the use is changed to a use not consistent with school purposes during the period of 25 years following the sale.
- (1) This section shall be inoperative for the period commencing with the effective date of the act that added this subdivision, until July 1, 2005.

SB 900 —12—

SEC. 3. Section 11011.2 of the Government Code is repealed. 11011.2. (a) Any state agency that owns real property requiring annual maintenance costing in excess of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), and that declares that property to be surplus, shall provide for its maintenance for a period of one year from the date notification is made to the Department of General Services to request the Legislature to declare the property surplus, or until the property is sold. An agency may notify the Department of General Services to request the Legislature to declare property surplus while the property is still in use.

- (b) This section shall be inoperative for the period commencing with the effective date of the act that added this subdivision, until July 1, 2005.
- SEC. 4. Section 11011.3 of the Government Code is repealed. 11011.3. (a) Any public agency desiring to purchase surplus state real property, as set forth in Section 11011.1, shall give written notice to the Department of General Services of its intent to purchase the real property within 60 days after receipt of the Department of General Services' written notification of intent to sell the property.
- (b) If the public agency desiring to purchase the property and the Department of General Services are unable to arrive at a mutually acceptable sales price for the property within 180 days from the date of receipt of notice from the public agency, upon request of the public agency the Director of the Department of General Services shall hire an independent third party appraiser mutually acceptable to the agency and the department to appraise the property. If within 10 days after receipt of the appraisal the public agency and the department are unable to arrive at a mutually acceptable sales price, upon request of the agency final determination of the sales price shall be made by the State Public Works Board. The public agency shall bear all costs of the independent third party appraisal whether or not the agency elects to purchase the property. If the agency does purchase the property, the appraisal costs shall be added to the purchase price of the property. If the public agency does not purchase the property, it shall pay the appraisal costs, and the surplus real property may be disposed of in the normal manner.
- (c) After arriving at a mutually agreeable sales price, the Department of General Services and the public agency will be

-13- SB 900

allowed an additional 90 days to execute a sales or exchange agreement to purchase the property. In the event an agreement is not executed by the public agency within the 90-day period, the Department of General Services may offer the property for sale in the normal manner. Should 90 days prove insufficient for the public agency to finance purchase of the property, the Public Works Board for good cause may grant an extension of time to complete the purchase. The 90-day limitation shall be suspended when a bond election is to be held for the purpose of financing the purchase of the property. However, the bond election shall be called and held on the next eligible date and this suspension of the 90-day limitation shall only be extended to the 10th day following the date of the next bond election. 

(d) For purposes of this section, written notice shall be deemed given upon proper posting and deposit in the United States mail.

- (c) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the state from continuing to negotiate with a public agency for the sale of surplus property pursuant to other provisions of this article.
- (f) This section shall be inoperative for the period commencing with the effective date of the act that added this subdivision, until July 1, 2005.
- SEC. 5. Section 11011.4 of the Government Code is repealed. 11011.4. (a) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in Section 54222 or elsewhere, land may be transferred pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 11011.1 to a local agency at the cost specified in subdivision (d) of Section 11011.1.
- (b) This section shall be inoperative for the period commencing with the effective date of the act that added this subdivision, until July 1, 2005.
- SEC. 6. Section 11011.5 of the Government Code is repealed. 11011.5. (a) When no state or other public entity seeks to obtain title to specific surplus state-owned real property, a state agency authorized to sell that property, except property acquired for state highway purposes, may, with the approval of the Department of General Services, employ a licensed real estate broker for a negotiated commission not to exceed reasonable and customary brokerage commissions applicable to similar privately owned properties in the area in connection with that sale and pay the amount of commission earned by the broker. The commission shall be paid only out of the proceeds of the sale before the

SB 900 —14—

proceeds are remitted to the State Treasury. The Director of General Services shall only employ the services of a broker when the director determines that the employment of a broker to sell the property would result in a cost savings to the state. Any state properties sold through the services of a broker shall be reported, along with a comparison of the estimated cost savings obtained through the use of a broker, in the annual surplus property report to the Legislature required pursuant to Section 11011.

- (b) This section shall be inoperative for the period commencing with the effective date of the act that added this subdivision, until July 1, 2005.
- SEC. 7. Section 11011.6 of the Government Code is repealed. 11011.6. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, land held by the state and not needed by any state agency, acquired at little or no cost from a local governmental agency or private party, and where no significant amount of state funds have been expended to preserve, improve, restore, or reclaim such lands, and if it will be used by a governmental agency for a public purpose of broad public benefit, and not a benefit basically of local interest enjoyed and used primarily by the residents of the area of tax jurisdiction of the agency, the Director of General Services, with the approval of the State Public Works Board, upon application by the agency or private party, may transfer the land to the governmental agencies at no cost.
- (b) This section shall be inoperative for the period commencing with the effective date of the act that added this subdivision, until July 1, 2005.
- SEC. 8. Section 11011.8 of the Government Code is repealed. 11011.8. (a) Whenever any person, as defined in Section 17, or public agency receives any state surplus real property at less than current market value, it shall pay all interim management and administrative costs incurred by the state between the time the person or public agency expressed interest in obtaining the property and the completion of the transfer and all costs incurred by the state in transferring title to the property.
- (b) This section does not apply to any transfer of surplus state property that was authorized on or before January 1, 1989.
- (e) This section shall be inoperative for the period commencing with the effective date of the act that added this subdivision, until July 1, 2005.

-15- SB 900

SEC. 9. Section 11011.9 of the Government Code is repealed. 11011.9. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that:

- (1) Disposition of surplus property owned by public agencies should be utilized to further state policies.
- (2) There exists within the urban and rural areas of the state a serious shortage of decent, safe, and sanitary housing which persons and families of low or moderate income can afford, and consequently there is a pressing and urgent need for the preservation and expansion of the supply of housing for such persons.
- (3) The provision of decent housing for all Californians is a state goal of the highest priority. The disposal of surplus land is a direct and substantial public purpose of statewide concern and will serve an important public purpose, including mitigating the environmental effects of state activities. Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature that priority be given in the disposal of surplus state land to housing for persons and families of low or moderate income, where such land is suitable for housing and there is a need for such housing in the community.
- (4) There is an identifiable deficiency in the amount of recreational land available to the public for park, recreational, school, and open-space purposes, as well as for housing and general community development purposes in accord with state policies.
- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature that surplus state property be disposed of in a manner which furthers state policies in the areas of parks, recreation, schools, open space, and housing and community development, or any combination thereof.
- (c) This section shall be inoperative for the period commencing with the effective date of the act that added this subdivision, until July 1, 2005.
- SEC. 10. Section 11011.10 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 11011.10. (a) Until July 1, 2005, the The disposal of surplus state property, including any property-already declared surplus by the Legislature prior to the effective date of this section but not yet disposed of by the Department of General Services as of that date, shall be subject to the requirements of this section.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all state agencies, departments, boards, and commissions, who have not

SB 900 —16—

already done so pursuant to Executive Order S-10-04, shall review the current and anticipated future programmatic need for the state-owned and leased property that they occupy or have under their stewardship, and identify and report any property surplus to their current or future needs to the Department of General Services. The department may provide instructions to facilitate the reporting and determination of surplus properties.

- (c) (1) The department shall review the properties identified pursuant to Executive order S-10-04 and subdivision (b) to determine whether those properties are surplus to the needs of the state, report the surplus properties to the Legislature, and request authorization from the Legislature to dispose of the properties by sale or otherwise.
- (2) Any state agency with property under its jurisdiction that is determined to be surplus and authorized for disposition pursuant to this subdivision or by previous legislative action, shall provide for the maintenance of the property until it is disposed of by the department under this section.
- (3) Jurisdiction of property determined to be surplus shall be transferred to the department, when requested by the Director of General Services, for sale or disposition under this section.
- (d) (1) Subject to paragraphs (2) to (4), inclusive, the department may sell or otherwise dispose of property as authorized by the Legislature pursuant to subdivision (c), upon any terms and conditions and subject to any reservations and exceptions the department deems to be in the best interests of the state.
- (2) (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, property that has been declared surplus and whose disposition has been authorized by the Legislature pursuant to subdivision (c) or by previous legislative action, and has been determined by the department not to be needed by any state agency, shall be offered to local governmental agencies prior to being offered for sale to private entities or individuals.
- (B) In order to be considered as a potential buyer of the surplus property, local governmental agencies shall notify the department of their interest in the surplus state property within 60 days of receiving notice of the availability of the property. The sale of the property to a local governmental agency pursuant to this section shall be completed, and title transferred, within 90

-17- SB 900

days of the date the local governmental agency was notified of the availability of the property.

- (3) If the sale of a surplus state property to a local governmental agency is not completed within the timeframe specified in subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2), the department shall offer the property for sale to private entities or individuals.
- (4) Transfers of surplus property to local governmental agencies or private entities or individuals pursuant to this subdivision shall be at fair market value.
- (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (4) of subdivision (d), where the land is to be used for park and recreation purposes and operated for those purposes by local agencies at no expense to the state, the Director of General Services with the approval of the State Public Works Board may transfer the land to local governmental agencies at less than the fair market value of the land, if the transfer is in the public interest, under the following conditions:
- (1) The local public agency has submitted a general development plan for the property that conforms to the agency's general plan pursuant to Article 5 (commencing with Section 65300) of Chapter 3 of Title 7, and the general development plan has been approved by the Director of Parks and Recreation.
- (2) The land shall be developed according to plan within a time period determined by the state but not to exceed 10 years. The deed or other instrument of transfer shall provide that the land shall revert to the state if the land is not developed within the time period determined by the state.
- (3) The deed or other instrument of transfer shall provide that the land would revert to the state if the use changed to a use not consistent with parks and recreation purposes during the period of 25 years following the sale.
- (f) Except as otherwise required by the California Constitution or federal law, the net proceeds of any property disposition, including the sale, lease, exchange, or other means, that is received pursuant to this section shall be paid into the General Fund. For purposes of this section, "net proceeds" means gross proceeds less all costs directly related to the completion of the transaction including, but not limited to, selling costs, transfer fees, commissions, and costs incurred by the department.

<del>(f)</del>-

SB 900 —18—

 (g) Except as otherwise required by the California Constitution or federal law, any rental moneys or other revenues received by the department from real properties, the jurisdiction of which has been transferred to the department under this section, shall be deposited in the General Fund in the account established by Section 15863. Any expenditure required to maintain, repair, care for, and sell the real property shall be paid from the appropriation made by Section 15863.

- (g) This section shall become inoperative on July 1, 2005, and, as of January 1, 2006, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that becomes operative on or before January 1, 2006, deletes or extends the dates on which it becomes inoperative and is repealed.
- SEC. 11. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

In order to ensure that statutory changes necessary for proper administration and transfer of surplus state-owned real property are effective for the entire 2005-06 fiscal year, it is necessary for this bill to take effect immediately.